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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/808,465	03/25/2004	Thierry Dupuis	066829-5101	6282
, - -	7590 03/25/200 VIS & BOCKIUS LLP	EXAMINER		
1111 PENNSY	LVANIA AVENUE N	HUYNH, NAM TRUNG		
WASHINGTO	N, DC 20004		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2617	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			03/25/2009	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)	
10/808,465	DUPUIS ET AL.	
Examiner	A (1 1 ! (
Examiner	Art Unit	

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The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence add	ress
THE REPLY FILED 30 September 2008 FAILS TO PLACE THIS	S APPLICATION IN CONDITION F	OR ALLOWANCE.	
1. The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on application, applicant must timely file one of the following application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appelor Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 C periods:	replies: (1) an amendment, affidavit eal (with appeal fee) in compliance	t, or other evidence, w with 37 CFR 41.31; or	hich places the (3) a Request
a) The period for reply expires 3 months from the mailing date b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this A no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire to Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f)	dvisory Action, or (2) the date set forth in ater than SIX MONTHS from the mailing b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE	g date of the final rejectio	n.
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date of have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extunder 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). NOTICE OF APPEAL	ension and the corresponding amount on hortened statutory period for reply origing than three months after the mailing date	of the fee. The appropria nally set in the final Offic	ate extension fee e action; or (2) as
 The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in comp filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any exter Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed wi AMENDMENTS 	nsion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of the	
3. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, be a considered and amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, be a considered amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, be a considered and a considered amendment and a cons	nsideration and/or search (see NOTw); ter form for appeal by materially rec	TE below);	
NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)). 4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.12 5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s): 6. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be all			
non-allowable claim(s). 7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) [how the new or amended claims would be rejected is prov The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed: Claim(s) objected to: Claim(s) rejected: Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE		l be entered and an ex	xplanation of
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e). 			
9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to o showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary 10. The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An evalential of the offidavit or other evidence is entered.	vercome <u>all</u> rejections under appea and was not earlier presented. Se	al and/or appellant fails ee 37 CFR 41.33(d)(1)	s to provide a
 The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation <u>REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER</u> The request for reconsideration has been considered but 		•	
See Continuation Sheet.			
12. ☐ Note the attached Information <i>Disclosure Statement</i>(s). (13. ☐ Other:	P10/56/08) Paper No(s)		
/George Eng/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2617			

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: Regarding independent claim 9, Applicant asserts that the combination of Parker, Telia, and O'Connell does not teach "the user, through said mobile telephone, establishing a communication by using a calling number relating to the manufacturer". The Examiner respectfully disagrees and would like to clarify what is regarded as the combination of the three inventions. The invention of Parker relates to the unlocking of mobile telecommunications handsets (abstract). Parker teaches in an embodiment of the invention an activation process that involves customer service center (CSC) and customoer service personnel of a service provider (figures 4, 5). The Examiner does not consider or interpret that a CSC of the service provider as a "manufacturer", however the invention of Parker is not limited to the entity that controls the locking of the mobile handset (column 4, lines 35-40).

Telia was cited to cure the deficiency of Parker not explicilty teaching that the handset is locked by a manufacturer. Telia teaches that a mobile telephone can be locked to a specific SIM-card by the manufacturer (page 3, lines 15-21). The combination of Parker and Telia is regarded by the Examiner as the activation process of Parker wherein the controlling entity is the manufacturer, not the service provider. Thus a user would follow the same steps diagrammed in figures 4 and 5, but the unlocking would be done by the manufacturer because the manufacturer has the means to unlock the SIM.

O'Connell was cited to cure the definciency that the combination of Parker and Telia not explicilty teaching establishing a communication using a calling number relating to the manufacturer of the handset in order to perform the unlocking function. O'Connell teaches that a user may call a manufacturer in order to request activation of a feature (column 9, lines 25-37). This aspect of O'Connell is interpreted by the Examiner to broadly teach calling a telephone number of a manufacturer for a service activation and is incorporated into the combination of Parker and Telia.

In conclusion, the combination of the three inventions is regarded by the Examiner as the activation process of Parker, wherein the handset is locked by the manufacturer, taught by Telia, and further modified wherein a calling number of the manufacturer is used to initiate the activation process, taught by O'Connell, therefore satisfying the aforementioned claim limitations. Accordingly the rejection of independent claim 9 has been maintained.